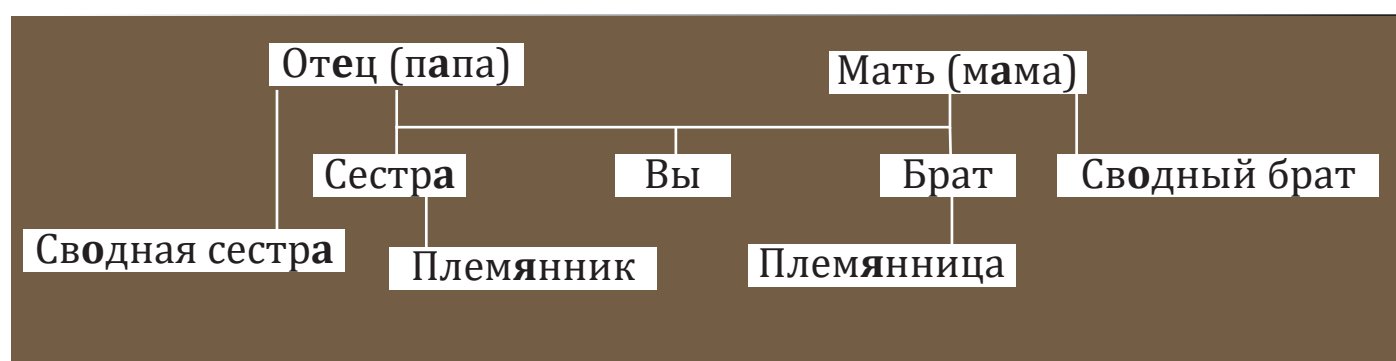


Lesson 2: Family, Friends, and Relationships (Семья, друзья и отношения)

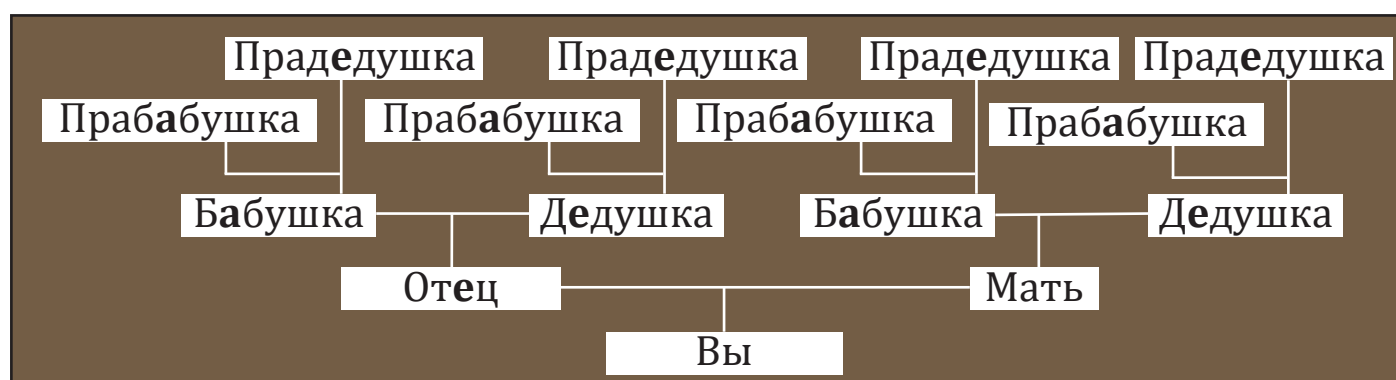
Family (Семья)

Let's take a look at the family tree (**семейное дерево**) – a scheme showing the relationships between family members (**член семьи**). In the picture, you can see yourself, your parents (**родитель**) – your mother (**мать, мама**) and father (**отец, папа**).

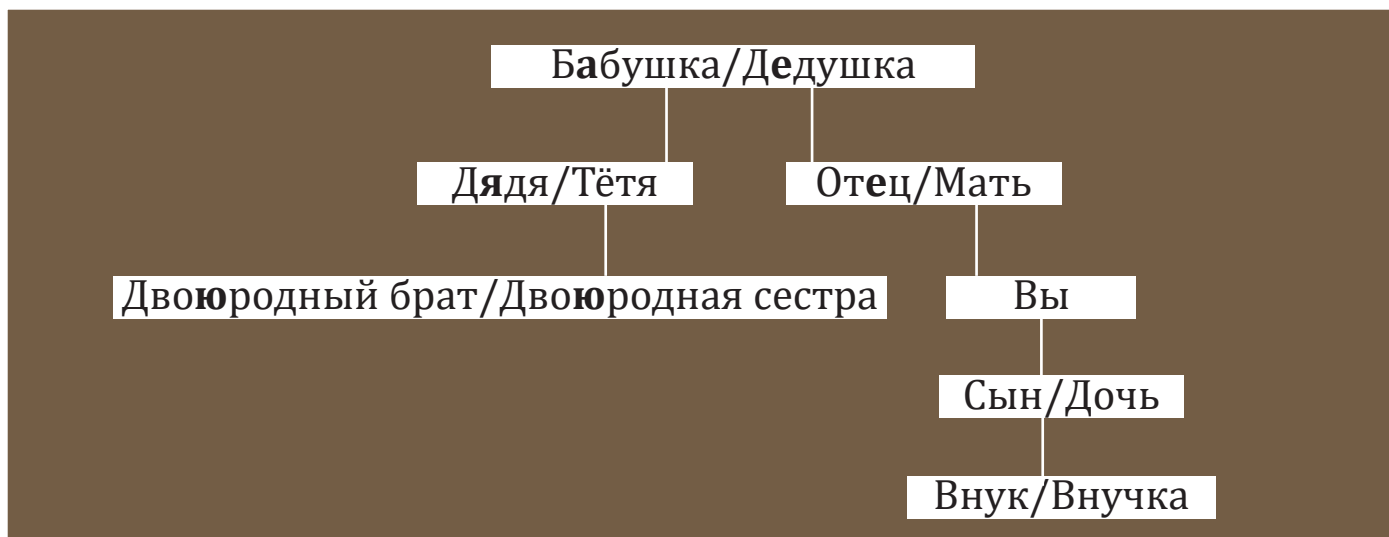
Some people have brothers (**брат**) and sisters (**сестра**). If people have children from a previous marriage, those children are «**сводный брат**» or «**сводная сестра**» to each other. The kids of your brother or sister are nephews (**племянник**) or nieces



Parents of your parents are called grandmother (**бабушка**) and grandfather (**дедушка**). The parents of your grandparents are great grandmother (**прабабушка**) and great grandfather (**прадедушка**). Each «level» of the family tree is called a generation (**поколение** or **колéно**).



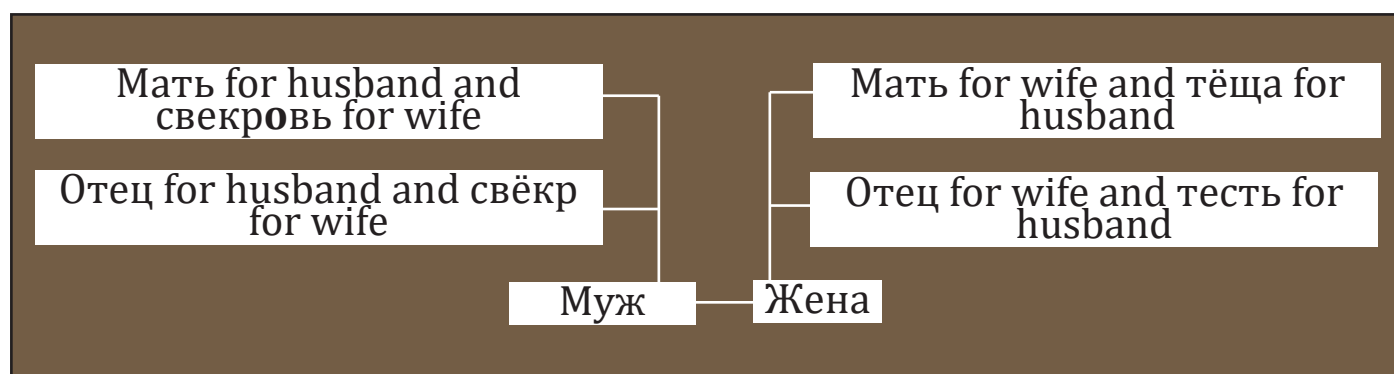
The brother of your mother or father is your uncle (**дядя**), and the sister of your mother or father is your aunt (**тётя**). The child of your uncle and aunt is your cousin (**двоюродный брат** or **двоюродная сестра**). Your children are either son (**сын**) or daughter (**дочь**), and your grandchildren are grandson (**внук**) or granddaughter (**внучка**).



The general term for any of your family member is relative (**рѳдственник**).

If you're married, you have a husband (**муж**) or a wife (**женá**). The general word for the person to whom you are married to is a spouse (**супрѓг** for a man and **супрѓга** for a woman). There are special terms for each of the spouse's family members.

For a husband, his wife's parents are mother-in-law (**тѳща**) and father-in-law (**тесть**). For a wife, her husband's parents are mother-in-law (**свекрѳвь**) and father-in-law (**свѳкр**).



Friends (Друзья)

Someone you don't know at all is a stranger (**незнакѳмец** for a man and **незнакѳмка** for a woman), and if you know someone or have been introduced to them, but have no close relationship, such people are called an acquaintance (**знакѳмый** for a man and **знакѳмая** for a woman).

The people you are working with are colleagues (**коллѳга**). People you go to school with are your classmates (**одноклáссник** for a man and **одноклáссница** for a woman). A person you go to high school or university with is your **сокурсник** for a man and **сокурсница** for a woman).

In Russian there are few words for «friends»: **друзья́** (plural) (**друг** for a man, **подру́га** for a woman), **приятели** (plural) (**приятель** for a man, **приятельница** for a woman), **товарищи** (plural) (товарищ both for men and women).

Friends like to hang out (**туси́ть** - informal) - spend time together in an informal situation.



The opposite of a friend is an enemy (**враг**) – someone who you hate and who hates you. You can also have a rival (**сопе́рник** for man, **сопе́рница** for a woman) - someone you are competing with in some area.

Relationships (Отноше́ния)

Let's talk romance. To fall in love in Russian is '**влюби́ться**'.

Lots of relationships start with flirting (**флирт**) – showing romantic interest in a fun and joking way. Then a couple might go out on a date (**свидáние**) – a romantic encounter (**встрéча**) like a dinner and a movie.

If they decide to stay in a relationship they become boyfriend (**па́рень** or **молодо́й челове́к**) and girlfriend (**де́вушка**). When one of them (in Russia – the man) proposes (**де́лать предложе́ние**), and the person says 'yes', they become engaged (**обруче́ны**).

At the wedding (**сва́дьба**) the woman is called the bride (**не́веста**) and the man is called the groom (**же́них**). After the wedding they are husband and wife. Same-sex couples use the word partner (**партнё́р**) instead.

The first month after the wedding is called 'медовый месяц' and the couple usually goes on a honeymoon (**сва́дебное путеше́ствие**) – a romantic trip together. And every year they celebrate their anniversary (**годо́вщина сва́дьбы**) – the date they got married.

If the marriage didn't go well, it can be dissolved and the couple can divorce (**раз-води́ться**). After the divorce, they become ex-husband (**быв́ший муж**) or ex-wife



(**быв́шая же́на**). You can also say 'быв́ший па́рень' (ex-boyfriend), 'быв́шая де́вушка' to refer to the boyfriend or girlfriend you have separated from.

Finally, if someone dies while still married, the surviving spouse is called a widow (**вдова́** for a woman) or a widower (**вдове́ц** in case of a man).

Упражнения по произношению (Pronunciation practice)

Семья, семейное дерево, член семьи, родитель, мать, мама, отец, папа, брат, сестра, сводный брат, сводная сестра, племянник, племянница, бабушка, дедушка, прабабушка, прадедушка, поколение, колéно, дядя, тётя, двоюродный брат, двоюродная сестра, сын, дочь, внук, внучка, родственник, муж, жена, супруг, супруга, тёща, тесть, свекровь, свёкр, незнакомец, знакомка, знакомый, знакомая, коллега, одноклассник, одноклассница, сокурсник, сокурсница, друзья, друг, подруга, приятели, приятель, приятельница, товарищи, товарищ, тусить, враг, соперник, соперница, влюбиться, флирт, свидание, встреча, парень, молодой человек, девушка, делать предложение, обручены, свадьба, невеста, жених, партнёр, медовый месяц, свадебное путешествие, годовщина свадьбы, разводиться, бывший муж, бывшая жена, бывший парень, бывшая девушка, вдова, вдовец.

Quiz 1. Complete the phrases with the correct word (5 are not used!)

Супруги, влюбиться, тусить, свадьба, бабушка, муж, жена, знакомый, враг, свидание, невеста, внук, вдова, обручены, встреча.

1. After the marriage жених becomes _____.
2. When a man asks a girl to go out with him, they go on _____.
3. The day of celebration that begins a marriage is _____.
4. Someone you know a little is your _____.
5. _____ usually wears a white dress on her wedding day.
6. You're _____ (male) for your grandparents.
7. When a couple is married they become _____.
8. After the death of a husband the wife becomes a _____.
9. You often go _____ with your friends.
10. When you are in love with someone you _____.

Quiz 2. Complete the phrases with correct word:

1. Your sister's son is your п_____.
2. Your mother's sister is your т_____.
3. Your father's father is your д_____.
4. Your mother's grandfather is your п_____.
5. Your mother and father are your р_____.
6. Your wife's mother is your т_____.
7. Your father is с_____ for your wife.
8. Your sister's daughter is a д_____ с_____ for your son or daughter.
9. You are в_____ (в_____) for your grandmother.
10. Your daughter from the previous marriage с_____ с_____ for your wife's son ofrom the previous marriage.

Keys to the Quiz 1

1. After the marriage жених becomes муж.
2. When a man asks a girl to go out with him, they go on a свидание.
3. The celebration day begins a marriage is свадьба.
4. Someone you know just a little is your знакомый.
5. Невеста usually wears a white dress on her wedding day.
6. You're внук (male) for your grandparents.
7. When a couple is married they become супруги.
8. After the death of a husband the wife become a вдова.
9. You often go тусить with your friends.
10. When you are in love with someone you влюбиться.

Keys to the Quiz 2

1. Your sister's son is your племянник.
2. Your mother's sister is your тётя.
3. Your father's father is your дедушка.
4. Your mother's grandfather is your прадедушка.
5. Your mother and father are your родители.
6. Your wife's mother is your тёща.
7. Your father is свёкр for your wife.
8. Your sister's daughter is a двоюродная сестра for your son or daughter.
9. You are внук (внучка) for your grandmother.
10. Your daughter from the previous marriage сводная сестра for your wife's son from the previous marriage.